

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON D.C. 20549

(Mark One	. \

		FORM 10-Q	
(Mark One)		1014110 Q	
×	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIE	S EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For	the quarterly period ended October 26, 2019	
_	TED A NICHTION DEPOSIT DURING A NIT	Or	C EVICHANCE ACT OF 400 4
L		TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIE the transition period from to	S EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
		COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-9656	
	Ι.Δ-	Z-BOY INCORPORATED	
		t name of registrant as specified in its charter)	
	Michigan		38-0751137
(State or other	jurisdiction of incorporation or organiza	ation) (I.	R.S. Employer Identification No.)
One I	La-Z-Boy Drive, Monroe, Michigan		48162-5138
(Add	lress of principal executive offices)		(Zip Code)
	Registrant's to	elephone number, including area code (734) 242-14	44
	· ·	None	
	(Former name, forme	er address and former fiscal year, if changed since la	ast report.)
Securities registered pursua	nt to Section 12(b) of the Act:		
Title of ea	ch class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$	1.00 Par Value	LZB	New York Stock Exchange
		rts required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the ed to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to s Yes ⊠ No □	Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding uch filing requirements for the past 90 days.
		onically every Interactive Data File required to be so n shorter period that the Registrant was required to Yes ⊠ No □	abmitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ submit such files).
		filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, seed filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emergi	maller reporting company, or an emerging growth ng growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
		Emerging growth company	
	oany, indicate by check mark if the regis led pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Excl		period for complying with any new or revised financial
Indicate by check mark who	ther the Registrant is a shell company (a	as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).	

Yes □ No 🗵

Outstanding at November 13, 2019

46,382,907

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Class

Common Stock, \$1.00 Par Value

LA-Z-BOY INCORPORATED FORM 10-Q SECOND QUARTER OF FISCAL 2020

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LA-Z-BOY INCORPORATED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

	 Quarte	r End	ed	 Six Mon	ths E	nded
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands, except per share data)	10/26/19		10/27/18	10/26/19		10/27/18
Sales	\$ 447,212	\$	439,333	\$ 860,845	\$	824,028
Cost of sales	264,823		264,928	510,744		501,101
Gross profit	182,389		174,405	350,101		322,927
Selling, general and administrative expense	152,788		145,905	297,078		271,267
Operating income	29,601		28,500	53,023		51,660
Interest expense	(308)		(501)	(626)		(605)
Interest income	522		392	1,249		994
Other income (expense), net	1,368		(1,997)	608		(1,105)
Income before income taxes	31,183		26,394	 54,254		50,944
Income tax expense	8,279		6,045	13,362		11,644
Net income	22,904		20,349	40,892		39,300
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(311)		(337)	(230)		(985)
Net income attributable to La-Z-Boy Incorporated	\$ 22,593	\$	20,012	\$ 40,662	\$	38,315
Basic weighted average common shares	46,551		46,888	46,686		46,802
Basic net income attributable to La-Z-Boy Incorporated per share	\$ 0.48	\$	0.43	\$ 0.87	\$	0.82
Diluted weighted average common shares	46,879		47,259	47,010		47,219
Diluted net income attributable to La-Z-Boy Incorporated per share	\$ 0.48	\$	0.42	\$ 0.86	\$	0.81

LA-Z-BOY INCORPORATED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Quarter Ended				 Six Mon	ths E	nded
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)		10/26/19		10/27/18	10/26/19		10/27/18
Net income	\$	22,904	\$	20,349	\$ 40,892	\$	39,300
Other comprehensive income (loss)							
Currency translation adjustment		1,526		1,168	2,140		(3,021)
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges, net of tax		6		155	10		(178)
Net unrealized gain on marketable securities, net of tax		46		23	154		64
Net pension amortization, net of tax		41		517	82		1,033
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		1,619		1,863	2,386		(2,102)
Total comprehensive income before allocation to noncontrolling interests		24,523		22,212	43,278		37,198
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(671)		(956)	(1,076)		(376)
Comprehensive income attributable to La-Z-Boy Incorporated	\$	23,852	\$	21,256	\$ 42,202	\$	36,822

 $The \ accompanying \ Notes \ to \ Consolidated \ Financial \ Statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ statements.$

LA-Z-BOY INCORPORATED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands, except par value)	10/26/19	4/27/19
Current assets		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 117,569	\$ 129,819
Restricted cash	1,972	1,968
Receivables, net of allowance of \$2,273 at 10/26/19 and \$2,180 at 4/27/19	155,086	143,288
Inventories, net	205,124	196,899
Other current assets	81,838	69,144
Total current assets	561,589	541,118
Property, plant and equipment, net	210,400	200,523
Goodwill	185,123	185,867
Other intangible assets, net	29,458	29,907
Deferred income taxes – long-term	20,911	20,670
Right of use lease asset	302,300	_
Other long-term assets, net	 82,547	 81,705
Total assets	\$ 1,392,328	\$ 1,059,790
Current liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ _	\$ 180
Accounts payable	71,852	65,365
Lease liability, short-term	64,024	_
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	181,730	173,091
Total current liabilities	317,606	 238,636
Long-term debt	_	19
Lease liability, long-term	252,456	_
Other long-term liabilities	111,524	124,159
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred shares – 5,000 authorized; none issued	_	_
Common shares, $$1$ par value $-150,000$ authorized; $46,439$ outstanding at $10/26/19$ and $46,955$ outstanding at $4/27/19$	46,439	46,955
Capital in excess of par value	314,239	313,168
Retained earnings	336,989	325,847
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,468)	(3,462)
Total La-Z-Boy Incorporated shareholders' equity	 695,199	682,508
Noncontrolling interests	15,543	14,468
Total equity	710,742	696,976
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,392,328	\$ 1,059,790

LA-Z-BOY INCORPORATED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Rober flows from perating activities 4 (a)		Six Months Ended		
Net income \$ 40,892 \$ 33,000 Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by (used for) operating activities (283) (72 Cann on disposal of assets (283) (72 Change in deferred taxes 273 1,572 Provision for doubiful accounts 305 35 Depreciation and amortization 14,936 15,541 Equity-based compensation expense 4,707 6,679 Pension plan contributions (12,722) 122 Change in receivables (12,722) 122 Change in inventories 7,645 (15,037) Change in inventories 3,834 (15,037) Change in inventories 3,834 (15,781) Change in payables 3,834 6,034 Change in other liabilities 1,037 4,044 Net cash provided by operating activities 8 256 Proceeds from disposals of assets 8 256 Proceeds from disposals of assets 8 256 Proceeds from insurance 1,018 1,114 Capital expend	(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	 10/26/19		10/27/18
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by (used for) operating activities (28) (72) Gain on disposal of assess (27) 1,572 Provision for doubtful accounts 350 315 Depreciation and amortization 14,967 5,679 Equity-based compensation expense 4,707 5,679 Pension plan contributions - (7,000) Change in receivables (12,722) 122 Change in receivables (7,645) (15,378) Change in inventories 28,136 (15,781) Change in other assets 28,136 (15,781) Change in other liabilities (16,905) 15,411 Net cash provided by operating activities 53,702 46,084 Change in other liabilities (16,905) 15,411 Net cash provided by operating activities 8 26 Proceeds from investing activities 8 26 Proceeds from investing activities 1,127 (26,926) Proceeds from sales of investinents 1,17,784 (29,136) (78,145)	Cash flows from operating activities			
Gain on disposal of assets (273) 1,572 Change in deferred taxes 273 1,572 Provision for doubtful accounts 350 315 Depreciation and amortization 14,936 15,541 Equity-based compensation expense 4,707 5,679 Pension plan contributions -7 70,000 Change in receivables (12,722) 122 Change in inventories 7,6445 (15,037) Change in inventories 28,136 (15,781) Change in other assets 28,136 (15,781) Change in other liabilities 1,872 4,603 Change in other liabilities 1,872 4,603 Change in other liabilities 1,872 4,603 Change in investing activities 8 256 Proceeds from investing activities 8 256 Proceeds from investing activities 8 256 Proceeds from investments 1,173 7,754 Acquisitions 6,5875 (78,193 Net cash flows from financing activities 3,2345 <td>Net income</td> <td>\$ 40,892</td> <td>\$</td> <td>39,300</td>	Net income	\$ 40,892	\$	39,300
Change in deferred taxes 273 1,572 Provision for doubtral accounts 350 315 Depreciation and amortization 14,936 15,541 Equity-based compensation expense 4,707 5,679 Pension plan contributions - 7,000 Change in crecivables (12,722) 122 Change in inventories 7,645 10,307 Change in other assets 28,156 (15,701 Change in other assets 38,54 6,004 Change in other assets 18,67 15,111 Change in other assets 38,54 6,004 Change in other assets 38,54 6,004 Change in other assets 18,67 15,111 Change in other labilities 1,618 15,111 Change in other labilities 1,618 114 Change in other labilities 1,018 114 Change in other labilities 1,018 12,12 Change in other labilities 1,018 12,12 Proceeds from insulance 1,018 12,12	Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by (used for) operating activities			
Provision for doubtful accounts 350 315 Depreciation and amortization 14,936 15,541 Equity-based compensation expense 4,707 5,679 Pension plan contributions — 7,000 Change in receivables (12,722) 122 Change in inventories (26,43) (15,781) Change in other assets 28,136 (15,781) Change in payables 3,854 6,034 Change in payables 3,854 6,034 Change in other assets 8 256 Proceed from disposals of assets 8 256 Proceeds from disposals of assets 8 256 Proceeds from disposals of assets 8 256 Proceeds from disposals of investments (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments (17,78) (5,193) Proceeds from sales of investments (17,78) (5,193) Proceeds from sales of investing activities (22,949) (26,926) Purchase of investing activities (3,875) (7,814) Cash flows from	Gain on disposal of assets	(283)		(72)
Depreciation and amortization 14,936 15,541 Equity-based compensation expense 4,707 5,679 Pension plan contributions — 7,000 Change in receivables (12,722) 122 Change in inventories (7,645) (15,037) Change in other assets 28,136 (15,703) Change in other assets 3,854 6,034 Change in other assets 3,854 6,034 Change in other assets 3,854 6,034 Change in other liabilities 1,875 1,811 Change in other liabilities 1,812 1,814 Change in other liabilities 1,814 1,814 Proceeds from change activities 8 2,56 Proceeds from disposals of assets 8 2,56 Proceeds from disposals of assets 8 2,56 Proceeds from disposals of assets 8 2,56 Proceeds from sales of investments 1,17 7,75 Acquisitions 1,27 2,24 Net cash used for investing activities 9	Change in deferred taxes	273		1,572
Equity-based compensation expense 4,707 5,679 Pension plan contributions — (7,000) Change in neceviables (12,722) 122 Change in inventories (7,645) (15,731) Change in other assets 28,136 (15,781) Change in opher liabilities (18,796) 15,411 Net cash provided by operating activities 53,702 46,084 Cash flows from investing activities 88 256 Proceeds from disposals of assets 88 256 Proceeds from insurance 1,018 114 Capital expenditures (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments (17,798) (5,193) Proceeds from sales of investments (17,798) (5,193) Proceeds from sales of investments (33,345) (102,104) Proceeds from sales of investments (33,345) (102,104) Proceeds from financing activities (32,35) (102,104) Net cash used for investing activities (5 (41,600) Net proceeds from credit facility (5 (41,600) <	Provision for doubtful accounts	350		315
Pension plan contributions — (7,000) Change in receivables (12,722) 122 Change in inventories (76,45) (15,037) Change in other assetts 28,136 (15,781) Change in other liabilities 3,854 6,034 Change in other liabilities (18,796) 15,411 Net cash provided by operating activities 8 256 Proceeds from disposals of assets 8 256 Proceeds from insurance 1,018 114 Capital expenditures (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments 13,171 7,754 Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Proceeds from slaes of investments 13,171 7,754 Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities 32,345 (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities 5 7,50 Acquisitions 6,875 (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities 9 (102,140) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of s	Depreciation and amortization	14,936		15,541
Change in receivables (12,722) 122 Change in inventories (7,645) (15,037) Change in payables 3,854 6,034 Change in other liabilities (18,796) 15,411 Net cash provided by operating activities 53,702 46,084 Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from disposals of assets 8 256 Proceeds from disposals of assets 1,018 114 Capital expenditures (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments (17,798) 5,193 Proceeds from sales of investments 13,171 7,754 Acquisitions (5,8375) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities (32,345) (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities 3 7,804 Net cash used for investing activities 3 7,804 Cash flows from financing activities 9 (10,140 Cash flows from credit facility - 3,500 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities 9	Equity-based compensation expense	4,707		5,679
Change in inventories (7,645) (15,037) Change in other assets 28,136 (15,781) Change in payables 3,854 6,034 Change in other liabilities (18,796) 15,411 Net cash provided by operating activities 53,702 46,084 Cash flows from investing activities 88 256 Proceeds from disposals of assets 88 256 Proceeds from insurance 1,018 114 Capital expenditures (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments 13,171 7,754 Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities 32,345 (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities 5,875 (78,145) Net proceeds from credit facility — 35,000 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities (95) (116) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 571 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,215)	Pension plan contributions	_		(7,000)
Change in other assets 28,136 (15,781) Change in payables 3.854 6,034 Change in other liabilities (18,796) 15,411 Net cash provided by operating activities 53,702 46,084 Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from disposals of assets 88 256 Proceeds from disposals of assets 1,018 114 Capital expenditures (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments 11,779 (5193) Proceeds from sales of investments 11,779 (5,937) Purchases of investments (3,845) (78,415) Net cash used for investing activities (32,345) (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities 32,345 (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities 9 (10,240) Net cash used for investing activities 9 (116 Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 51 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610)	Change in receivables	(12,722)		122
Change in payables 3,854 6,034 Change in other liabilities (18,796) 15,411 Net cash provided by operating activities 53,702 46,084 Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from disposals of assets 88 256 Proceeds from disposals of assets 1,018 11 Capital expenditures (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments 11,717 7,754 Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Proceeds from investing activities (5,875) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities 35,000 (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities — 35,000 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities (95) (1016) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 51 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,82) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes o	Change in inventories	(7,645)		(15,037)
Change in other liabilities (18,796) 15,411 Net cash provided by operating activities 33,702 46,084 Cash flows from investing activities S 256 Proceeds from disposals of assets 8 256 Proceeds from insurance 1,018 114 Capital expenditures (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments (17,798) (5,93) Proceeds from sales of investments 13,171 7,754 Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities (32,345) (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities 33,000 (78,145) Net proceeds from credit facility — 35,000 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities (95) (116) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 571 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,215) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect	Change in other assets	28,136		(15,781)
Say, 100 and 100 september 100 septem	Change in payables	3,854		6,034
Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from disposals of assets 88 256 Proceeds from disposals of assets 1,018 114 Capital expenditures (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments (17,798) (5,193) Proceeds from sales of investments 13,171 7,754 Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities 3(3,245) (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities - 35,000 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities (95) (116) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 571 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) 11,279 Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents (34,842) 16,035 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period \$ 119,541 <td>Change in other liabilities</td> <td>(18,796)</td> <td></td> <td>15,411</td>	Change in other liabilities	(18,796)		15,411
Proceeds from disposals of assets 88 256 Proceeds from insurance 1,018 114 Capital expenditures (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments (17,798) (51,935) Proceeds from sales of investments 13,171 7,754 Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities 32,345 (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities Net proceeds from credit facility — 35,000 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities (95) (116) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 571 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents 1,239 (982) Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (12,246) (41,003) Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 </td <td>Net cash provided by operating activities</td> <td>53,702</td> <td></td> <td>46,084</td>	Net cash provided by operating activities	53,702		46,084
Proceeds from disposals of assets 88 256 Proceeds from insurance 1,018 114 Capital expenditures (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments (17,798) (51,935) Proceeds from sales of investments 13,171 7,754 Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities 32,345 (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities Net proceeds from credit facility — 35,000 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities (95) (116) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 571 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents 1,239 (982) Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (12,246) (41,003) Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Proceeds from insurance 1,018 114 Capital expenditures (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments (17,798) (5,193) Proceeds from sales of investments 13,171 7,754 Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities 32,345 (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities 35,000 100 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities (95) (116) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 571 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents 1,239 (982) Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (12,246) (41,003) Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at ned of period \$ 119,541 9 5,868	Cash flows from investing activities			
Capital expenditures (22,949) (26,926) Purchases of investments (17,798) (5,193) Proceeds from sales of investments 13,171 7,754 Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities (32,345) (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities Net proceeds from credit facility — 35,000 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities (95) (116) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 571 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents 34,842 16,035 Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (12,246) (41,003) Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period \$ 119,541 \$ 95,868	Proceeds from disposals of assets	88		256
Purchases of investments (17,798) (5,193) Proceeds from sales of investments 13,171 7,754 Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities (32,345) (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities Net proceeds from credit facility — 35,000 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities (95) (116) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 571 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents 1,239 (982) Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (12,246) (41,003) Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period \$ 119,541 \$ 95,868	Proceeds from insurance	1,018		114
Proceeds from sales of investments 13,171 7,754 Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities (32,345) (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities - 35,000 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities (95) (116) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 571 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents 1,239 (982) Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (12,246) (41,003) Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period \$ 119,541 \$ 95,868 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities	Capital expenditures	(22,949)		(26,926)
Acquisitions (5,875) (78,145) Net cash used for investing activities (32,345) (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities 8 35,000 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities (95) (116) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 571 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents 1,239 (982) Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (12,246) (41,003) Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period \$ 119,541 \$ 95,868 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities \$ 119,541 \$ 95,868	Purchases of investments	(17,798)		(5,193)
Net cash used for investing activities (32,345) (102,140) Cash flows from financing activities Net proceeds from credit facility — 35,000 Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities (95) (116) Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes 571 4,039 Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents (12,246) (41,003) Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period \$119,541 \$95,868	Proceeds from sales of investments	13,171		7,754
Cash flows from financing activities Net proceeds from credit facility Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes Furchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period (31,274) (12,246) (41,003) Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities	Acquisitions	(5,875)		(78,145)
Net proceeds from credit facility—35,000Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities(95)(116)Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes5714,039Purchases of common stock(23,167)(11,610)Dividends paid(12,151)(11,278)Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities(34,842)16,035Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents1,239(982)Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash(12,246)(41,003)Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period131,787136,871Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period\$ 119,541\$ 95,868	Net cash used for investing activities	 (32,345)		(102,140)
Net proceeds from credit facility—35,000Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities(95)(116)Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes5714,039Purchases of common stock(23,167)(11,610)Dividends paid(12,151)(11,278)Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities(34,842)16,035Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents1,239(982)Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash(12,246)(41,003)Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period131,787136,871Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period\$ 119,541\$ 95,868				
Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities(95)(116)Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes5714,039Purchases of common stock(23,167)(11,610)Dividends paid(12,151)(11,278)Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities(34,842)16,035Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents1,239(982)Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash(12,246)(41,003)Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period131,787136,871Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period\$ 119,541\$ 95,868	Cash flows from financing activities			
Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (12,246) (41,003) Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities	Net proceeds from credit facility	_		35,000
Purchases of common stock (23,167) (11,610) Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents 1,239 (982) Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (12,246) (41,003) Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period \$119,541 \$95,868} Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities	Payments on debt and finance lease liabilities	(95)		(116)
Dividends paid (12,151) (11,278) Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities (34,842) 16,035 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (12,246) (41,003) Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period (31,787) 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period (\$119,541) \$95,868 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities	Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of shares withheld for taxes	571		4,039
Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities	Purchases of common stock	(23,167)		(11,610)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period Table 131,787 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities	Dividends paid	(12,151)		(11,278)
Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period \$119,541 \$95,868 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities	Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities	 (34,842)		16,035
Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period \$119,541 \$95,868 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities				
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period 131,787 136,871 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period \$119,541 \$95,868 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents	1,239		(982)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period \$ 119,541 \$ 95,868 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities	Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(12,246)		(41,003)
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities	Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	131,787		136,871
·	Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 119,541	\$	95,868
·				
Capital expenditures included in payables \$ 5,805 \$ 4,442	Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities			
	Capital expenditures included in payables	\$ 5,805	\$	4,442

LA-Z-BOY INCORPORATED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Common Shares	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Retained Earnings	ccumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	N	on-Controlling Interests	Total
At April 27, 2019	\$ 46,955	\$ 313,168	\$ 325,847	\$ (3,462)	\$	14,468	\$ 696,976
Net income (loss)	_	_	18,069	_		(81)	17,988
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	281		486	767
Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of cancellations and withholding tax	126	126	(1,669)	_		_	(1,417)
Purchases of 391 shares of common stock	(391)	(3,762)	(8,160)	_		_	(12,313)
Stock option and restricted stock expense	_	1,675	_	_		_	1,675
Cumulative effect adjustment for leases, net of tax (1)	_	_	574	_		_	574
Reclassification of certain income tax effects (2)	_	_	547	(547)		_	
Dividends declared and paid (\$0.13/share)	_	_	(6,112)	_		_	(6,112)
At July 27, 2019	\$ 46,690	\$ 311,207	\$ 329,096	\$ (3,728)	\$	14,873	\$ 698,138
Net income	_	_	22,593			311	22,904
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	1,260		359	1,619
Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of cancellations and withholding tax	84	1,908	(4)	_		_	1,988
Purchases of 335 shares of common stock	(335)	(1,908)	(8,611)	_		_	(10,854)
Stock option and restricted stock expense	_	3,032	_	_		_	3,032
Dividends declared and paid (\$0.13/share)	_	_	(6,039)	_		_	(6,039)
Dividends declared not paid (\$0.13/share)	_	_	(46)	_		_	(46)
At October 26, 2019	\$ 46,439	\$ 314,239	\$ 336,989	\$ (2,468)	\$	15,543	\$ 710,742

(1) Cumulative effect adjustment of deferred gains on prior sale/leaseback transactions as a result of adopting ASU 2016-02.
 (2) Income tax effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act are reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("AOCI") to retained earnings due to the adoption of ASU 2018-

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Common Shares	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Retained Earnings	ccumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	No	on-Controlling Interests	Total
At April 28, 2018	\$ 46,788	\$ 298,948	\$ 291,644	\$ (25,199)	\$	13,035	\$ 625,216
Net income	_	_	18,303	_		648	18,951
Other comprehensive (loss)	_	_	_	(2,737)		(1,228)	(3,965)
Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of cancellations and withholding tax	160	(42)	(2,127)	_		_	(2,009)
Purchases of 257 shares of common stock	(257)	(176)	(7,511)	_		_	(7,944)
Stock option and restricted stock expense	_	2,040	_	_		_	2,040
Cumulative effect adjustment for investments, net of tax	_	_	1,637	(1,637)		_	_
Dividends declared and paid (\$0.12/share)	_	_	(5,625)	_		_	(5,625)
At July 28, 2018	\$ 46,691	\$ 300,770	\$ 296,321	\$ (29,573)	\$	12,455	\$ 626,664
Net income	_	_	20,012	_		337	20,349
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	1,244		619	1,863
Stock issued for stock and employee benefit plans, net of cancellations and withholding tax	335	5,748	(35)	_		_	6,048
Purchases of 121 shares of common stock	(121)	(2,456)	(1,089)	_		_	(3,666)
Stock option and restricted stock expense	_	3,639	_	_		_	3,639
Dividends declared and paid (\$0.12/share)	_	_	(5,653)	_		_	(5,653)
Dividends declared not paid (\$0.12/share)	_	_	(13)	_		_	(13)
At October 27, 2018	\$ 46,905	\$ 307,701	\$ 309,543	\$ (28,329)	\$	13,411	\$ 649,231

LA-Z-BOY INCORPORATED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the consolidated accounts of La-Z-Boy Incorporated and our majority-owned subsidiaries. We derived the April 27, 2019, balance sheet from our audited financial statements. We prepared the interim financial information in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, which we applied on a basis consistent with those reflected in our fiscal 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), but the information does not include all of the disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles. In management's opinion, the interim financial information includes all adjustments and accruals, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments (except as otherwise disclosed), that are necessary for a fair statement of results for the respective interim periods. The interim results reflected in the accompanying financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that will occur for the full fiscal year ending April 25, 2020.

To further strengthen our supply chain footprint, on August 8, 2019, we announced our plan to close our Redlands, California upholstered furniture manufacturing facility and move production to available capacity at our other North American facilities. In addition, we are transitioning the leather cut-and-sew operation from the Newton, Mississippi upholstered furniture manufacturing plant to another North American-based cut-and-sew facility. The company's Redlands upholstered furniture plant employed about 350 people, accounted for approximately 10% of the La-Z-Boy branded business total upholstery production and manufactured recliners, motion sofas and classics (high-leg recliners). Production has ceased at the Redlands plant as of the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2020. The move of the Newton leather cut-and-sew operation is expected to fully transition by the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2020 and will impact about 105 of the 525 employees at that location. The Redlands facility, which is approximately 200,000 square feet, has been idled and marketed for sale.

As a part of our supply chain optimization initiative, we may incur expenses that qualify as exit and disposal costs under ASC 420, Exit or Disposal Cost Obligations. Other expenses that are an integral component of, and directly attributable to, restructuring activities do not qualify as exit and disposal costs, such as accelerated depreciation, asset impairments and other incremental costs. In the first six months of fiscal 2020, we recognized pre-tax expenses associated with this initiative of \$4.3 million within cost of sales. These costs do not qualify as exit and disposal costs under ASC 420.

At October 26, 2019, we owned preferred shares of two privately-held companies, both of which are variable interest entities. We also hold a warrant to purchase common shares of one of these companies. We have not consolidated the results of either of these companies in our financial statements because we do not have the power to direct those activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of either of these companies and, therefore, are not the primary beneficiary.

Accounting pronouncement adopted in fiscal 2020

Each accounting standards update ("ASUs") adopted below had a significant impact on our accounting policies and/or our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), requiring lessees to record all operating leases on their balance sheet. Under this standard, the lessee is required to record an asset for the right to use the underlying asset for the lease term and a corresponding liability for the contractual lease payments. We have adopted this standard in the first quarter of fiscal 2020 using the modified retrospective approach. See Note 5 for further information.

The following table summarizes additional ASUs which were adopted in fiscal 2020, but did not have a material impact on our accounting policies or our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

ASU	Description
ASU 2017-06	Plan Accounting: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Topic 960), Defined Contribution Pension Plans (Topic 962), Health and Welfare Benefit Plans (Topic 965): Employee Benefit Plan Master Trust Reporting (a consensus of the Emerging Issues Task Force)
ASU 2017-12	Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities
ASU 2018-02	Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income: Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income
ASU 2018-07	Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting
ASU 2018-13	Fair Value Measurement – Disclosure Framework – Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurements
ASU 2018-16	Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Inclusion of the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) Overnight Index Swap (OIS) Rate as a Benchmark Interest Rate for Hedge Accounting Purposes

Accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

The following table summarizes additional accounting pronouncements which we have not yet adopted, but we believe will not have a material impact on our accounting policies or our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

ASU	Description	Adoption Date
ASU 2016-13	Financial Instruments – Credit losses	Fiscal 2021
ASU 2018-14	Compensation – Retirement benefits – Defined Benefit Plans – General – Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans	Fiscal 2022

Note 2: Acquisitions

We did not complete any acquisitions during the six months ended October 26, 2019.

Joybird acquisition

On July 30, 2018, we completed our acquisition of Stitch Industries, Inc. ("Joybird"), an e-commerce retailer and manufacturer of upholstered furniture, for guaranteed cash payments of \$75 million, which was subject to a working capital adjustment of \$2.5 million. We received the working capital adjustment during the third quarter of fiscal 2019 from amounts placed in escrow at the time of the closing of the transaction. We acquired Joybird to better position ourselves for growth in the online selling environment and increase our visibility with millennial and Gen X consumers, while simultaneously leveraging our supply chain assets.

The guaranteed payments include a closing date cash payment of \$37.5 million in purchase price consideration (net of the working capital adjustment), \$7.5 million in prepaid compensation, and the assumption of \$5.0 million of liabilities that will be paid within two years following the acquisition. The remaining \$25 million will be paid in five annual installments of \$5 million on the anniversary date of the acquisition, the first of which was paid in the first quarter of fiscal 2020. The merger agreement also includes two future earn-out opportunities based on Joybird's financial performance in fiscal 2021 and fiscal 2023.

The \$7.5 million of prepaid compensation relates to the retention of the four Joybird founders, now our employees, each of whom will forfeit proportional amounts if one or more of them resigns in the two years following the acquisition. We are amortizing the \$7.5 million to selling, general & administrative ("SG&A") expense over the two-year retention period on a straight-line basis. In addition to the guaranteed cash payments of \$75 million, we recorded a contingent consideration liability on the date of acquisition of \$7.5 million, which reflects the fair value of the earn-out opportunities as of the date of acquisition. We also recorded a finite-lived intangible asset of \$6.4 million reflecting the fair value of the acquired Joybird® trade name, which we are amortizing to SG&A expense on a straight-line basis over its useful life of eight years. The undiscounted range of the contingent consideration is zero to \$65 million and is based on sales and profitability of Joybird in fiscal 2021 and fiscal 2023. Subsequent adjustments to the fair value of the contingent consideration will impact SG&A expense in our consolidated statement of income.

We recorded \$78.8 million of goodwill related to the Joybird acquisition, related primarily to synergies we expect from the integration of the acquisition and the anticipated future benefits of these synergies. The finite-lived intangible asset and goodwill asset for Joybird are not deductible for federal income tax purposes. We included the Joybird operating segment in our other business activities which we report within our Corporate and Other reportable segment.

The following table summarizes the purchase price allocation for Joybird at the date of acquisition:

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Joybird	Acquisition
Fair value of consideration:		
Cash (paid at closing)	\$	37,482
Guaranteed payment		22,489
Acquisition earn-out		7,500
Assumption of liability		5,000
Working capital adjustment		(2,486)
Total fair value of consideration		69,985
Amounts recognized for assets acquired and liabilities assumed:		
Inventory		5,258
Other current assets		3,733
Property, plant and equipment		2,057
Finite-lived tradename		6,400
Other long-term assets		3,647
Accounts payable		(8,222)
Customer deposits		(13,904)
Other current liabilities		(7,681)
Other long-term liabilities		(150)
Total identifiable net liabilities acquired		(8,862)
Goodwill	\$	78,847

The Joybird acquisition was not material to our financial position or our results of operations, and therefore, pro-forma financial information is not presented.

Note 3: Restricted Cash

We have restricted cash on deposit with a bank as collateral for certain letters of credit. All of our letters of credit have maturity dates within the next twelve months, but we expect to renew some of these letters of credit when they mature.

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)		10/26/19	10/27/18		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	117,569	\$	93,867	
Restricted cash		1,972		2,001	
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	119,541	\$	95,868	

Note 4: Inventories

A summary of inventories is as follows:

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	10/26/19		4/27/19
Raw materials	\$	95,842	\$ 90,359
Work in process		13,913	13,728
Finished goods		117,035	114,478
FIFO inventories		226,790	218,565
Excess of FIFO over LIFO		(21,666)	(21,666)
Total inventories	\$	205,124	\$ 196,899

Note 5: Leases

During the first quarter of fiscal 2020, we adopted ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) and all related amendments. The guidance requires lessees to recognize substantially all leases on their balance sheet as a right-of-use ("ROU") asset and a lease liability.

The Company leases real estate for retail stores, distribution centers, warehouses, plants, showrooms and office space. We also have equipment leases for tractors/trailers, IT and office equipment and vehicles. We determine if a contract contains a lease at inception based on our right to control the use of an identified asset and our right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of that identified asset. Most of our real estate leases include options to renew or terminate early. We assess these options to determine if we are reasonably certain of exercising these options based on all relevant economic and financial factors. Any options that meet this criteria are included in the lease term at lease commencement.

Most of our leases do not have an interest rate implicit in the lease. As a result, for purposes of measuring our ROU asset and lease liability, we determine our incremental borrowing rate by applying a spread above the U.S. Treasury borrowing rates. In the case an interest rate is implicit in a lease we will use that rate as the discount rate for that lease. Some of our leases contain variable rent payments based on a Consumer Price Index or percentage of sales. Due to the variable nature of these costs, they are not included in the measurement of the ROU asset and lease liability.

The Company has elected to apply the practical expedients permitted under transition guidance to forgo the restatement of comparative periods and to not reassess leases entered into prior to adoption. In addition, we have elected the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components when determining the ROU asset and lease liability. We have also made an accounting policy election to not recognize an ROU asset and lease liability on the balance sheet for those leases with an initial term of one year or less and instead, such liabilities will be expensed on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases:

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	10/26/19
Operating leases	
ROU assets	\$ 302,224
Lease liabilities, short-term	63,945
Lease liabilities, long-term	252,456
Finance leases	
ROU assets	\$ 76
Lease liabilities, short-term	79
Lease liabilities, long-term	_

The ROU assets by segment are as follows:

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	10/26/19
Upholstery	\$ 55,114
Casegoods	1,995
Retail	238,865
Corporate & Other	6,326
Total ROU assets	\$ 302,300

The components of lease cost are as follows for the respective periods ended October 26, 2019:

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Quarter Ended	Six Months Ended			
Operating lease cost	\$ 19,019	\$	38,037		
Financing lease cost	50		99		
Short-term lease cost	26		51		
Variable lease cost	54		94		
Less: Sublease income	(632)		(1,260)		
Total lease cost	\$ 18,517	\$	37,021		

The following tables present supplemental lease disclosures:

	Six Months Ended October 26, 2019									
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	C	Operating Leases		Financing Leases						
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	\$	38,514	\$	98						
Lease liabilities arising from new ROU assets		20,442		_						

	10/26/19						
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Operating Leases	Financing Leases					
Weighted-average remaining lease term (years)	6.6	0.6					
Weighted-average discount rate	3.9%	3.9%					

The following table presents our undiscounted cash flows as of October 26, 2019, and our minimum contractual obligations on our leases as of April 27, 2019:

		10/26	6/19	4/27/19				
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Operating Leases Financing Leases			Oper	ating Leases	Financing Leases		
Within one year	\$	74,814	\$	80	\$	76,508	\$	180
After one year and within two years		65,711		_		71,544		19
After two years and within three years		52,539		—		58,763		_
After three years and within four years		40,424		_		46,541		_
After four years and within five years		33,358		—		36,082		_
After five years		91,630		_		102,782		_
Total lease payments	3	358,476		80	\$	392,220	\$	199
Less: Interest		42,075		1				
Total lease obligations	\$ 3	316,401	\$	79				

Note 6: Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

We have goodwill on our consolidated balance sheet as follows:

Reportable Segment/Unit	Related Acquisition
Upholstery segment	Acquisition of the wholesale business in the United Kingdom and Ireland
Retail segment	Acquisitions of La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores
Corporate & Other	Acquisition of Joybird

The following is a roll-forward of goodwill for the six months ended October 26, 2019:

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Upholstery Segment	Retail Segment	Corporate and Other	Total Goodwill
Balance at April 27, 2019	\$ 12,148	\$ 94,103	\$ 79,616	\$ 185,867
Acquisition adjustment	_	_	(769)	(769)
Translation adjustment	(82)	107	_	25
Balance at October 26, 2019	\$ 12,066	\$ 94,210	\$ 78,847	\$ 185,123

We have intangible assets on our consolidated balance sheet as follows:

Reportable Segment/Unit	Intangible Asset	Useful Life
Upholstery segment	Primarily acquired customer relationships from our acquisition of the wholesale business in the United Kingdom and Ireland	Amortizable over useful lives that do not exceed 15 years
Casegoods segment	American Drew® trade name	Indefinite-lived
Retail segment	Reacquired rights to own and operate La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores	Indefinite-lived
Corporate & Other	Joybird® trade name	Amortizable over eight-year useful life

The following is a roll-forward of our other intangible assets for the six months ended October 26, 2019:

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Indefinite- Lived Trade Names	Finite- Lived Trade Name	Indefinite- Lived Reacquired Rights	Other Intangible Assets	Total Other Intangible Assets
Balance at April 27, 2019	\$ 1,155	\$ 5,801	\$ 20,117	\$ 2,834	\$ 29,907
Amortization	_	(399)	_	(108)	(507)
Translation adjustment	_	_	80	(22)	58
Balance at October 26, 2019	\$ 1,155	\$ 5,402	\$ 20,197	\$ 2,704	\$ 29,458

Note 7: Investments

We have current and long-term investments intended to enhance returns on our cash as well as to fund future obligations of our non-qualified defined benefit retirement plan, our executive deferred compensation plan, and our performance compensation retirement plan. We also hold other investments consisting of cost-basis preferred shares of two privately-held companies. Our short-term investments are included in other current assets and our long-term investments are included in other long-term assets on our consolidated balance sheet.

The following summarizes our investments:

Inaudited, amounts in thousands)		10/26/19		4/27/19
Short-term investments:				
Marketable securities	\$	19,703	\$	18,016
Held-to-maturity investments		3,570		3,341
Total short-term investments		23,273		21,357
Long-term investments:				
Marketable securities		23,758		24,085
Cost basis investments		12,479		11,979
Total long-term investments		36,237		36,064
Total investments	\$	59,510	\$	57,421
Investments to enhance returns on cash	\$	33,187	\$	31,470
Investments to fund compensation/retirement plans		13,844		13,972
Other investments		12,479		11,979
Total investments	\$	59,510	\$	57,421

The following is a summary of the unrealized gains, unrealized losses, and fair value by investment type:

				10/26/19				4/27/19					
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Uı	Gross nrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses		Fair Value		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses			Fair Value	
Equity securities	\$	1,939	\$		\$	20,018	\$	1,841	\$		\$	19,535	
Fixed income		186		(17)		34,477		75		(111)		33,217	
Other		376		_		5,015		258		(13)		4,669	
Total securities	\$	2,501	\$	(17)	\$	59,510	\$	2,174	\$	(124)	\$	57,421	

The following table summarizes sales of marketable securities:

	 Quarte	r Enc	led	Six Mont			nded
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	10/26/19		10/27/18		10/26/19		10/27/18
Proceeds from sales	\$ 8,310	\$	2,992	\$	12,370	\$	7,754
Gross realized gains	181		10		187		85
Gross realized losses	(86)		(11)		(88)		(66)

The following is a summary of the fair value of fixed income marketable securities, classified as available-for-sale securities, by contractual maturity:

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	10/26/19
Within one year	\$ 19,860
Within two to five years	12,181
Within six to ten years	1,696
Thereafter	740
Total	\$ 34,477

Note 8: Employee Benefits

Pension

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019, we terminated our defined benefit pension plan for eligible factory hourly employees in our La-Z-Boy operating unit. In connection with the plan termination, we settled all future obligations under the plan through a combination of lump-sum payments to eligible participants who elected to receive them, and the transfer of any remaining benefit obligations under the plan to a highly rated insurance company.

During the second quarter of fiscal 2020, we received a pre-tax refund of \$1.9 million from the insurance company, representing an overpayment of the expected benefit obligations that were settled during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019. The refund was recorded as a component of other income (expense), net in our consolidated statement of income.

There were no net periodic pension costs associated with the terminated pension plan in the quarter and six months ended October 26, 2019. For the quarter and six months ended October 27, 2018, net periodic pension costs were as follows:

	Quarter Ended						
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)		10/27/18		10/27/18			
Service cost	\$	323	\$	646			
Interest cost		1,116		2,232			
Expected return on plan assets		(1,136)		(2,272)			
Net amortization		639		1,278			
Net periodic pension cost	\$	942	\$	1,884			

The components of net periodic pension cost other than the service cost were included in other income (expense), net in our consolidated statement of income. Service cost was recorded in cost of sales in our consolidated statement of income.

Employee Vacation Policy Changes

We enacted changes to our employee vacation policies that became effective on January 1, 2019. Our new vacation policies enhanced the amount of vacation time earned by our employees. Additionally, under these vacation policies, our salary and office hourly employees now accrue vacation in the current calendar year for use in the current calendar year, and any vacation time earned but not used will be forfeited at the end of each calendar year.

Note 9: Product Warranties

We accrue an estimated liability for product warranties when we recognize revenue on the sale of warranted products. We estimate future warranty claims on new sales based on our historical claims experience and also provide for any additional anticipated future costs on previously sold products. We incorporate repair costs into our liability estimates, including materials, labor and overhead amounts necessary to perform repairs and any costs associated with delivering repaired product to our customers. Over 90% of our warranty liability relates to our Upholstery segment as we generally warrant our products against defects for one year on fabric and leather, from one to ten years on cushions and padding, and provide a limited lifetime warranty on certain mechanisms and frames. Our Upholstery segment warranties cover labor costs relating to our parts for one year. We provide a limited lifetime warranty against defects on a majority of the products sold by Joybird, which is part of our Corporate and Other results. For all our manufacturer warranties, the warranty period begins when the consumer receives our product. We use considerable judgment in making our estimates, and we record differences between our actual and estimated costs when the differences are known.

A reconciliation of the changes in our product warranty liability is as follows:

	 Quarte	r End	led		Six Mon	ths Eı	ıded
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	10/26/19	10/27/18			10/26/19		10/27/18
Balance as of the beginning of the period	\$ 22,836	\$	21,093	\$	22,736	\$	21,205
Acquisitions	_		4,100		_		4,100
Accruals during the period	5,768		5,489		11,425		10,610
Settlements during the period	(5,523)		(5,485)		(11,080)		(10,718)
Balance as of the end of the period	\$ 23,081	\$	25,197	\$	23,081	\$	25,197

As of October 26, 2019 and April 27, 2019, we included \$14.1 million and \$13.9 million, respectively, of our product warranty liability in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet, and included the remainder in other long-term liabilities. We recorded accruals during the periods presented in the table above, primarily to reflect charges that relate to warranties issued during the respective periods.

Note 10: Stock-Based Compensation

The table below summarizes the total stock-based compensation expense we recognized for all outstanding grants in our consolidated statement of income:

	 Quarte	r Enc	led		Six Mon	ths Ended		
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	10/26/19	10/27/18			10/26/19	10/27/18		
Equity-based awards expense	\$ 3,032	\$	3,639	\$	4,707	\$	5,679	
Liability-based awards expense	400		(300)		340		(134)	
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 3,432	\$	3,339	\$	5,047	\$	5,545	

Stock Options. We granted 248,662 stock options to employees during the first quarter of fiscal 2020 and we have stock options outstanding from previous grants. In fiscal 2020, we have changed the grant mix to include fewer stock options and have replaced those awards with restricted shares. We account for stock options as equity-based awards because when they are exercised, they will be settled in common shares. We recognize compensation expense for stock options over the vesting period equal to the fair value on the date our compensation committee approved the awards. The vesting period for our stock options ranges from one to four years, with accelerated vesting upon retirement. The vesting date for retirement-eligible employees is the later of the date they meet the criteria for retirement or the end of the fiscal year in which the grant was made. We accelerate the expense for options granted to retirement-eligible employees over the vesting period, with expense recognized from the grant date through their retirement eligibility date or over the ten months following the grant date, whichever period is longer. We estimate forfeiture rates based on our employees' forfeiture history and believe they will approximate future results. We estimate the fair value of the employee stock options at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, which requires management to make certain assumptions. We estimate expected volatility based on the historical volatility of our common shares. We base the average expected life on the contractual term of the stock option and expected employee exercise trends. We base the risk-free rate on U.S. Treasury issues with a term equal to the expected life assumed at the date of the grant.

We calculated the fair value of stock options granted during the first quarter of fiscal 2020 using the following assumptions:

(Unaudited)	Fiscal 2020 gra	ant
Risk-free interest rate	2.	19%
Dividend rate	1.	72%
Expected life in years	5	5.0
Stock price volatility	34.	27%
Fair value per share	\$ 7.5	94

Stock Appreciation Rights ("SARs"). We have not granted any SARs to employees since fiscal 2014, but we have SARs outstanding from the fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 grants. All outstanding SARs are fully vested and have a term of ten years. SARs will be paid in cash upon exercise and, accordingly, we account for SARs as liability-based awards that we re-measure to fair value at the end of each reporting period.

In fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014, we granted SARs as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 27, 2013 and April 26, 2014, respectively. As of October 26, 2019, we had 7,149 and 14,580 SARs outstanding for the fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 awards, respectively. These awards have exceeded their expected life and will be re-measured to fair value based on their intrinsic value, which is the market value of our common stock on the last day of the reporting period less the exercise price, until the earlier of the exercise date or the contractual term date. At October 26, 2019, the intrinsic value per share of the fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 awards were \$24.08 and \$16.99, respectively.

Restricted Stock. We granted 166,649 shares of restricted stock to employees during the first six months of fiscal 2020. We also have shares of restricted stock outstanding from previous grants. We issue restricted stock at no cost to the employees and the shares are held in an escrow account until the vesting period ends. If a recipient's employment ends during the escrow period (other than through death or disability), the shares are returned at no cost to the company. We account for restricted stock awards as equity-based awards because when they vest, they will be settled in common shares. The weighted-average fair value of the restricted stock awarded in the first six months of fiscal 2020 was \$30.41 per share, the market value of our common shares on the date of grant. We estimate forfeiture rates based on our employees' forfeiture history and believe they will approximate future results. We recognize compensation expense for restricted stock over the vesting period equal to the fair

value on the grant date of the award. Restricted stock awards vest at 25% per year, beginning one year from the grant date over a term of four years.

Restricted Stock units. During the second quarter of fiscal 2020, we granted 28,332 restricted stock units to our non-employee directors. These restricted stock units vest when the director leaves the board. We account for these restricted stock units as equity-based awards because when they vest, they will be settled in shares of our common stock. We measure and recognize compensation expense for these awards based on the market price of our common shares on the date of the grant, which was \$31.77.

Performance Shares. During the first quarter of fiscal 2020, we granted 155,605 performance-based shares. We also have performance-based share awards outstanding from previous grants. Payout of these grants depends on our financial performance (80%) and a market-based condition based on the total return our shareholders receive on their investment in our stock relative to returns earned through investments in other public companies (20%). The performance share opportunity ranges from 50% of the employee's target award if minimum performance requirements are met to a maximum of 200% of the target award based on the attainment of certain financial and shareholder-return goals over a specific performance period, which is generally three fiscal years.

We account for performance-based shares as equity-based awards because when they vest, they will be settled in common shares. We estimate forfeiture rates based on our employees' forfeiture history and believe they will approximate future results. For shares that vest based on our results relative to the performance goals, we expense as compensation cost the fair value of the shares as of the day we granted the awards recognized over the performance period, taking into account the probability that we will satisfy the performance goals. The fair value of each share of the awards we granted in fiscal 2020 that vest based on attaining performance goals was \$28.68, the market value of our common shares on the date we granted the awards less the dividends we expect to pay before the shares vest. For shares that vest based on market conditions, we use a Monte Carlo valuation model to estimate each share's fair value as of the date of grant. The Monte Carlo valuation model uses multiple simulations to evaluate our probability of achieving various stock price levels to determine our expected performance ranking relative to our peer group. For shares that vest based on market conditions, we expense compensation cost, net of estimated forfeitures, over the vesting period regardless of whether the market condition is ultimately satisfied. Based on the Monte Carlo model, the fair value as of the grant date of the fiscal 2020 grant of shares that vest based on market conditions was \$38.75.

Note 11: Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The activity in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the quarters ended October 26, 2019, and October 27, 2018, is as follows:

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Translation adjustment	nange in fair value f cash flow hedge	Unrealized gain oss) on marketable securities	am	Net pension ortization and net actuarial loss	cumulated other mprehensive loss
Balance at July 27, 2019	\$ 178	\$ (6)	\$ 372	\$	(4,272)	\$ (3,728)
Changes before reclassifications	1,167	_	69		_	1,236
Amounts reclassified to net income	_	9	(8)		54	55
Tax effect	_	(3)	(15)		(13)	(31)
Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to La-Z-Boy Incorporated	1,167	6	46		41	1,260
Balance at October 26, 2019	\$ 1,345	\$ _	\$ 418	\$	(4,231)	\$ (2,468)
Balance at July 29, 2018	\$ (573)	\$ (179)	\$ (220)	\$	(28,601)	\$ (29,573)
Changes before reclassifications	549	140	30		_	719
Amounts reclassified to net income	_	65	_		686	751
Tax effect	_	(50)	(7)		(169)	(226)
Other comprehensive income attributable to La-Z-Boy Incorporated	549	155	23		517	1,244
Balance at October 27, 2018	\$ (24)	\$ (24)	\$ (197)	\$	(28,084)	\$ (28,329)

The activity in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended October 26, 2019, and October 27, 2018, is as follows:

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Translation adjustment	ange in fair value cash flow hedge	Unrealized gain ss) on marketable securities	am	Net pension ortization and net actuarial loss	ccumulated other omprehensive loss
Balance at April 27, 2019	\$ 50	\$ 87	\$ 6	\$	(3,605)	\$ (3,462)
Changes before reclassifications	1,295	_	212		_	1,507
Reclassification of certain income tax effects (1)	_	(97)	258		(708)	(547)
Amounts reclassified to net income	_	14	(8)		109	115
Tax effect	_	(4)	(50)		(27)	(81)
Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to La-Z-Boy Incorporated	1,295	(87)	412		(626)	994
Balance at October 26, 2019	\$ 1,345	\$ _	\$ 418	\$	(4,231)	\$ (2,468)
Balance at April 28, 2018	\$ 2,388	\$ 154	\$ 1,376	\$	(29,117)	\$ (25,199)
Changes before reclassifications	(2,412)	(369)	103		_	(2,678)
Cumulative effect adjustment for investments (2)	_	_	(1,637)		_	(1,637)
Amounts reclassified to net income	_	132	(19)		1,372	1,485
Tax effect	_	59	(20)		(339)	(300)
Other comprehensive income attributable to La-Z-Boy Incorporated	(2,412)	 (178)	(1,573)		1,033	(3,130)
Balance at October 27, 2018	\$ (24)	\$ (24)	\$ (197)	\$	(28,084)	\$ (28,329)

(1) Income tax effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act are reclassified from AOCI to retained earnings due to adoption of ASU 2018-02.

We reclassified the unrealized gain/(loss) on marketable securities from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income through other income (expense), net in our consolidated statement of income, reclassified the change in fair value of cash flow hedges to net income through cost of sales, and reclassified the net pension amortization to net income through other income (expense), net.

The components of non-controlling interest were as follows:

	 Quarte	r Enc	led	 Six Mon	ıded	
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	10/26/19		10/27/18	10/26/19		10/27/18
Balance as of the beginning of the period	\$ 14,873	\$	12,455	\$ 14,468	\$	13,035
Net income	311		337	230		985
Other comprehensive income	359		619	845		(609)
Balance as of the end of the period	\$ 15,543	\$	13,411	\$ 15,543	\$	13,411

Note 12: Revenue Recognition

Our revenue is primarily derived from product sales. We report product sales net of discounts and recognize them when control (rights and obligations associated with the product) passes to the customer. For sales to furniture retailers or distributors, control typically transfers when we ship product. In cases where we sell directly to the end consumer, control of the product is generally transferred upon delivery.

For shipping and handling activities, we have elected to apply the accounting policy election permitted in ASC 606-10-25-18B, which allows an entity to account for shipping and handling activities as fulfillment activities (rather than as a promised good or service) when the activities are performed even if those activities are performed after the control of the good has been transferred. We expense shipping and handling costs at the time we recognize revenue in accordance with this election.

⁽²⁾ The cumulative effect adjustment for investments is composed of \$2.1 million of unrealized gains on equity investments offset by \$0.5 million of tax expense. We reclassified the net \$1.6 million of cumulative effect adjustment from accumulated other comprehensive loss to retained earnings as a result of adopting ASU 2016-01.

For sales tax, we elected to apply the accounting policy election permitted in ASC 606-10-32-2A, which allows an entity to exclude from the measurement of the transaction price all taxes imposed on and concurrent with a specific revenue-producing transaction and collected by the entity from a customer, including sales, use, excise, value-added, and franchise taxes (collectively referred to as sales taxes). This allows us to present revenue net of these certain types of taxes.

Quarter Ended October 26, 2019

The following table presents our revenue disaggregated by product category and by segment or unit:

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)		Upholstery		Casegoods		Retail		Corporate and Other		Total
Motion Upholstery Furniture	\$	197,219	\$	_	\$	84,455	\$	_	\$	281,674
Stationary Upholstery Furniture		97,761		4,598		33,805		27,431		163,595
Bedroom Furniture		_		8,746		1,549		1,776		12,071
Dining Room Furniture		_		6,270		2,397		446		9,113
Occasional Furniture		388		11,546		5,455		497		17,886
Other (1)		25,487		(1,770)		20,743		(5,839)		38,621
Total	\$	320,855	\$	29,390	\$	148,404	\$	24,311	\$	522,960
						Eliminations				(75,748)
				Cons	solid	ated Net Sales			\$	447,212
				Qua	arter l	Ended October 27,	2018			
		Upholstery		Casegoods		Retail		Corporate and Other		Total
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	 Pilototory		 	 	
Motion Upholstery Furniture	\$ 202,168	\$ _	\$ 85,735	\$ _	\$ 287,903
Stationary Upholstery Furniture	92,246	4,429	25,701	23,695	146,071
Bedroom Furniture	_	8,234	1,450	2,460	12,144
Dining Room Furniture	_	6,406	2,613	819	9,838
Occasional Furniture	418	13,723	5,067	490	19,698
Other (1)	22,261	(1,415)	19,120	(5,086)	34,880
Total	\$ 317,093	\$ 31,377	\$ 139,686	\$ 22,378	\$ 510,534

Eliminations	(71,201)
Consolidated Net Sales	\$ 439,333

⁽¹⁾ Primarily includes revenue for delivery, advertising, royalties, parts, accessories, after-treatment products, tariff surcharges, discounts & allowances, rebates and other sales incentives.

Siv	Months	Ended	October	r 26, 2019
- SIX	vionins	: r.naea	Cicione	r 26. 2019

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Upholstery	Casegoods		Retail	Corporate and Other			Total
Motion Upholstery Furniture	\$ 376,741	\$ _	\$	169,639	\$		\$	546,380
Stationary Upholstery Furniture	185,270	8,742		62,958		50,383		307,353
Bedroom Furniture	_	16,939		2,996		2,958		22,893
Dining Room Furniture	_	11,675		4,996		840		17,511
Occasional Furniture	700	22,369		10,580		858		34,507
Other (1)	51,560	(3,200)		40,231		(10,176)		78,415
Total	\$ 614,271	\$ 56,525	\$	291,400	\$	44,863	\$	1,007,059
				Eliminations				(146,214)
		Cons	solida	ated Net Sales			\$	860,845

Six Months Ended October 27, 2018

	Upholstery	Casegoods	Retail	Corporate and Other	Total		
Motion Upholstery Furniture	\$ 389,827	\$ _	\$ 160,692	\$ _	\$	550,519	
Stationary Upholstery Furniture	177,536	8,371	48,865	23,695		258,467	
Bedroom Furniture	_	16,598	2,305	2,460		21,363	
Dining Room Furniture	_	12,335	4,196	819		17,350	
Occasional Furniture	811	25,711	9,041	490		36,053	
Other (1)	42,317	(3,252)	33,815	(1,221)		71,659	
Total	\$ 610,491	\$ 59,763	\$ 258,914	\$ 26,243	\$	955,411	
						(404 000)	

Eliminations (131,383)
Consolidated Net Sales \$824,028

Motion Upholstery Furniture - Includes gross revenue for upholstered furniture, such as recliners, sofas, loveseats, chairs, sectionals and modulars that have a mechanism that allows the back of the product to recline or the product's footrest to extend. This gross revenue includes sales to La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores (including company-owned stores), operators of La-Z-Boy Comfort Studio® locations, England Custom Comfort Center locations, other major dealers, independent retailers, and the end consumer.

Stationary Upholstery Furniture - Includes gross revenue for upholstered furniture, such as sofas, loveseats, chairs, sectionals, modulars, and ottomans that do not have a mechanism. This gross revenue includes sales to La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores (including company-owned stores), operators of La-Z-Boy Comfort Studio® locations, England Custom Comfort Center locations, other major dealers, independent retailers, and the end consumer.

Bedroom Furniture - Includes gross revenue for casegoods furniture typically found in a bedroom, such as beds, chests, dressers, nightstands and benches. This gross revenue includes sales to La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores (including company-owned stores), independent retailers, and the end consumer.

Dining Room Furniture - Includes gross revenue for casegoods furniture typically found in a dining room, such as dining tables, dining chairs, storage units and stools. This gross revenue includes sales to La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores (including company-owned stores), independent retailers, and the end consumer.

Occasional Furniture - Includes gross revenue for casegoods furniture found throughout the home, such as cocktail tables, chairsides, sofa tables, end tables, and entertainment centers. This gross revenue includes sales to La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores (including company-owned stores), independent retailers, and the end consumer.

At October 26, 2019, our consolidated balance sheet includes current assets of \$20.2 million that we reported as other receivables. These other receivables represent the remaining consideration to which we are entitled prior to fulfilling our performance obligation. At the beginning of fiscal 2020, we had \$17.0 million of other receivables.

⁽¹⁾ Primarily includes revenue for delivery, advertising, royalties, parts, accessories, after-treatment products, tariff surcharges, discounts & allowances, rebates and other sales incentives.

We receive customer deposits from end consumers before we recognize revenue and in some cases we have the unconditional right to collect the remaining portion of the order price before we fulfill our performance obligation, resulting in deferred revenue (collectively, the "contract liabilities"). At October 26, 2019, we included \$55.7 million of customer deposits and \$20.2 million of deferred revenues in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet. At the beginning of fiscal 2020, we had \$42.8 million of customer deposits and \$17.0 million of deferred revenues. During the quarter and six months ended October 26, 2019 we recognized revenue of \$1.9 million and \$54.5 million, respectively, related to our contract liability balance at April 27, 2019.

We have elected the practical expedient permitted in ASC 606-10-32-18, which allows an entity to recognize the promised amount of consideration without adjusting for the effects of a significant financing component if the contract has a duration of one year or less. As our contracts typically are less than one year in length and do not have significant financing components, we have not adjusted consideration.

Note 13: Segment Information

Our reportable operating segments are the Upholstery segment, the Casegoods segment and the Retail segment.

Upholstery Segment. Our Upholstery segment is our largest business segment and consists primarily of two operating segments: La-Z-Boy, our largest operating segment, and the operating segment for our England subsidiary. The Upholstery segment also includes our international wholesale businesses. We aggregate these operating segments into one reportable segment because they are economically similar and because they meet the other aggregation criteria for determining reportable segments. Our Upholstery segment manufactures and imports upholstered furniture such as recliners and motion furniture, sofas, loveseats, chairs, sectionals, modulars, ottomans and sleeper sofas. The Upholstery segment sells directly to La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores, operators of La-Z-Boy Comfort Studio® locations and England Custom Comfort Center locations, major dealers, and a wide cross-section of other independent retailers

Casegoods Segment. Our Casegoods segment consists of one operating segment that sells furniture under three brands: American Drew[®], Hammary[®], and Kincaid[®]. The Casegoods segment is an importer, marketer, and distributor of casegoods (wood) furniture such as bedroom sets, dining room sets, entertainment centers and occasional pieces, and also manufactures some coordinated upholstered furniture. The Casegoods segment sells directly to major dealers, as well as La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries[®] stores, and a wide cross-section of other independent retailers.

Retail Segment. Our Retail segment consists of one operating segment comprised of our 155 company-owned La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores. The Retail segment sells primarily upholstered furniture, in addition to some casegoods and other accessories, to end consumers through these stores.

Corporate & Other. Corporate & Other includes the shared costs for corporate functions, including human resources, information technology, finance and legal, in addition to revenue generated through royalty agreements with companies licensed to use the La-Z-Boy® brand name on various products. We consider our corporate functions to be other business activities and have aggregated them with our other insignificant operating segments including our global trading company in Hong Kong and Joybird, an e-commerce retailer that manufactures upholstered furniture such as sofas, loveseats, chairs, ottomans, sleeper sofas and beds, and also imports casegoods (wood) furniture such as occasional tables and other accessories. Joybird sells to the end consumer primarily online through its website, www.joybird.com. None of the operating segments included in Corporate & Other meet the requirements of reportable segments.

The following table presents sales and operating income (loss) by segment:

	 Quarte	r End	ed	Six Mon	Six Months Ended		
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	10/26/19		10/27/18	10/26/19		10/27/18	
Sales							
Upholstery segment:							
Sales to external customers	\$ 253,249	\$	254,028	\$ 484,016	\$	494,082	
Intersegment sales	67,606		63,065	130,255		116,409	
Upholstery segment sales	 320,855		317,093	614,271		610,491	
Casegoods segment:							
Sales to external customers	23,972		26,242	45,978		50,645	
Intersegment sales	5,418		5,135	10,547		9,118	
Casegoods segment sales	29,390		31,377	56,525		59,763	
Retail segment sales	148,404		139,686	291,400		258,914	
Corporate and Other:							
Sales to external customers	21,587		19,377	39,451		20,387	
Intersegment sales	2,724		3,001	5,412		5,856	
Corporate and Other sales	24,311		22,378	44,863		26,243	
Eliminations	(75,748)		(71,201)	(146,214)		(131,383)	
Consolidated sales	\$ 447,212	\$	439,333	\$ 860,845	\$	824,028	
Operating Income (Loss)							
Upholstery segment	\$ 32,080	\$	32,152	\$ 58,347	\$	56,036	
Casegoods segment	2,205		3,761	4,802		6,841	
Retail segment	8,412		6,563	16,889		11,021	
Corporate and Other	(13,096)		(13,976)	(27,015)		(22,238)	
Consolidated operating income	 29,601		28,500	53,023		51,660	
Interest expense	(308)		(501)	(626)		(605)	
Interest income	522		392	1,249		994	
Other income (expense), net	 1,368		(1,997)	608		(1,105)	
Income before income taxes	\$ 31,183	\$	26,394	\$ 54,254	\$	50,944	

Note 14: Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate was 26.6% and 24.6% for the second quarter and six months ended October 26, 2019, respectively. Our effective tax rate was 22.9% for both the second quarter and six months ended October 27, 2018. Our effective tax rate varies from the 21% federal statutory rate primarily due to state taxes. Absent discrete adjustments, our effective tax rate in the second quarter of fiscal 2020 would have been 25.2%.

Note 15: Earnings per Share

Certain share-based compensation awards that entitle their holders to receive non-forfeitable dividends prior to vesting are considered participating securities. Prior to fiscal 2019, we granted restricted stock awards that contained non-forfeitable rights to dividends on unvested shares, and we are required to include these participating securities in calculating our basic earnings per common share, using the two-class method. The restricted stock awards we granted in fiscal 2019 and fiscal 2020 do not have non-forfeitable rights to dividends and therefore are not considered participating securities. The dividends on the restricted stock awards granted in fiscal 2019 and fiscal 2020 are, and will continue to be held in escrow, until the stock awards vest at which time we will pay any accumulated dividends.

The following is a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators we used in our computations of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	 Quarte	r End	led	 Six Mon	ths Ended			
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	10/26/19		10/27/18	10/26/19		10/27/18		
Numerator (basic and diluted):								
Net income attributable to La-Z-Boy Incorporated	\$ 22,593	\$	20,012	\$ 40,662	\$	38,315		
Income allocated to participating securities	(31)		(63)	(72)		(139)		
Net income available to common Shareholders	\$ 22,562	\$	19,949	\$ 40,590	\$	38,176		
Denominator:								
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	46,551		46,888	46,686		46,802		
Add:								
Contingent common shares	149		85	148		85		
Stock option dilution	179		286	176		332		
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	46,879		47,259	47,010		47,219		
Earnings per Share:								
Basic	\$ 0.48	\$	0.43	\$ 0.87	\$	0.82		
Diluted	\$ 0.48	\$	0.42	\$ 0.86	\$	0.81		

The values for contingent common shares set forth above reflect the dilutive effect of common shares that we would have issued to employees under the terms of performance-based share awards if the relevant performance period for the award had been the reporting period.

We had outstanding options to purchase 0.3 million shares for the quarter and six months ended October 26, 2019, with a weighted average exercise price of \$33.15. We excluded the effect of these options from our diluted share calculation since the weighted average exercise price of the options was higher than the average market price and including the options' effect would have been anti-dilutive. Similarly, we excluded options to purchase 0.4 million shares from the diluted share calculation for the quarter and six months ended October 27, 2018.

Note 16: Fair Value Measurements

Accounting standards require that we put financial assets and liabilities into one of three categories based on the inputs we use to value them:

- Level 1 Financial assets and liabilities the values of which are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets and liabilities in an active market that we have the ability to access.
- Level 2 Financial assets and liabilities the values of which are based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or on model inputs that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3 Financial assets and liabilities the values of which are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Accounting standards require that in making fair value measurements, we use observable market data when available. When inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, we categorize the fair value measurement as being in the lowest level that is significant to the measurement. We recognize transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

In addition to assets and liabilities that we record at fair value on a recurring basis, we are required to record assets and liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis. We measure non-financial assets such as other intangible assets, goodwill, and other long-lived assets at fair value when there is an indicator of impairment, and we record them at fair value only when we recognize an impairment loss.

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities we measured at fair value on a recurring basis at October 26, 2019 and April 27, 2019. There were no transfers into or out of Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 for any of the periods presented.

At October 26, 2019

Contingent consideration liability

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Level 1 Level 2 Lev			Level 3		NAV(1)		Total				
Assets												
Marketable securities	\$ 4	\$	35,862	\$	_	\$	7,595	\$	43,461			
Held-to-maturity investments	3,570		_		_		_		3,570			
Cost basis investments	_		_		12,479		_		12,479			
Total assets	\$ 3,574	\$	35,862	\$	12,479	\$	7,595	\$	59,510			
Liabilities												
Contingent consideration liability	\$ _	\$	_	\$	7,900	\$		\$	7,900			
At April 27, 2019												
	 Fair Value Measurements											
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		NAV(1)		Total			
Assets												
Marketable securities	\$ 5	\$	34,390	\$	_	\$	7,706	\$	42,101			
Held-to-maturity investments	3,341		_		_		_		3,341			
Cost basis investment	_		_		11,979		_		11,979			
Total assets	\$ 3,346	\$	34,390	\$	11,979	\$	7,706	\$	57,421			
Liabilities												

Fair Value Measurements

7,900

7,900

\$

At October 26, 2019 and April 27, 2019, we held marketable securities intended to enhance returns on our cash and to fund future obligations of our non-qualified defined benefit retirement plan, as well as marketable securities to fund future obligations of our executive deferred compensation plan and our performance compensation retirement plan. We also held other fixed income and cost basis investments.

\$

The fair value measurements for our Level 1 and Level 2 securities are based on quoted prices in active markets, as well as through broker quotes and independent valuation providers, multiplied by the number of shares owned exclusive of any transaction costs.

At October 26, 2019, our Level 3 investments included preferred shares of two privately-held companies, and a warrant to purchase common shares of one of these privately-held companies. The fair value for our Level 3 investments is not readily available so we estimate the fair value as costs minus impairment, if any, plus or minus adjustments resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for identical or similar investments with the same issuer. During the quarter and six months ended October 26, 2019, we increased our investment in one of these privately-held companies by \$0.5 million. There were no other changes to the fair value of our Level 3 assets during the quarter and six months ended October 26, 2019.

Our Level 3 liability includes our contingent consideration liability from the Joybird acquisition. We estimated the contingent consideration liability based on future revenues and earnings in fiscal 2021 and fiscal 2023. The fair value was determined using a variation of the income approach, known as the real options method, whereby revenue and earnings were simulated over the earn-out periods in a risk-neutral framework using Geometric Brownian Motion. For each simulation path, the potential earn-out payments were calculated based on management's probability estimates for achievement of the revenue and earnings milestones and then were discounted to the valuation date using a discount rate of 4.2% for the fiscal 2021 milestone and 4.7% for the fiscal 2023 milestone. There were no changes to the fair value of our Level 3 liabilities during the first six months of fiscal 2020.

⁽¹⁾ Certain marketable securities investments are measured at fair value using net asset value per share under the practical expedient methodology.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We have prepared this Management's Discussion and Analysis as an aid to understanding our financial results. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. After a cautionary note about forward-looking statements, we begin with an introduction to our key businesses and then provide discussions of our results of operations, liquidity and capital resources, and critical accounting policies.

Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

La-Z-Boy Incorporated and its subsidiaries (individually and collectively, "we," "our" or the "Company") make forward-looking statements in this report, and its representatives may make oral forward-looking statements from time to time. Generally, forward-looking statements include information concerning possible or assumed future actions, events or results of operations. More specifically, forward-looking statements may include information regarding:

- future income, margins and cash flows
- future sales
- adequacy and cost of financial resources

- future economic performance
- industry and importing trends
- management plans and strategic initiatives

Forward-looking statements also include those preceded or followed by the words "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "hopes," "plans," "could," "intends" and "expects" or similar expressions. With respect to all forward-looking statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Actual results could differ materially from those we anticipate or project due to a number of factors, including: (a) changes in consumer confidence and demographics; (b) the possibility of a recession; (c) changes in the real estate and credit markets and their effects on our customers, consumers and suppliers; (d) international political unrest, terrorism or war; (e) volatility in energy and other commodities prices; (f) the impact of logistics on imports and exports; (g) tax rate, interest rate, and currency exchange rate changes; (h) changes in the stock market impacting our profitability and our effective tax rate; (i) operating factors, such as supply, labor or distribution disruptions (e.g. port strikes); (j) changes in legislation, including the tax code, or changes in the domestic or international regulatory environment or trade policies, including new or increased duties, tariffs, retaliatory tariffs, trade limitations and termination or renegotiation of bilateral and multilateral trade agreements impacting our business; (k) adoption of new accounting principles; (l) fires, severe weather or other natural events such as hurricanes, earthquakes, flooding, tornadoes and tsunamis; (m) our ability to procure, transport or import, or material increases to the cost of transporting or importing, fabric rolls, leather hides or cut-and-sewn fabric and leather sets domestically or abroad; (n) information technology conversions or system failures and our ability to recover from a system failure; (o) effects of our brand awareness and marketing programs; (p) the discovery of defects in our products resulting in delays in manufacturing, recall campaigns, reputational damage, or increased warranty costs; (q) litigation arising out of alleged defects in our products; (r) unusual or significant litigation; (s) our ability to locate new La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores (or store owners) and negotiate favorable lease terms for new or existing locations; (t) the ability to increase volume through our e-commerce initiatives; (u) the impact of potential goodwill or intangible asset impairments; and (v) those matters discussed in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 27, 2019 and other factors identified from time-to-time in our reports filed with the SEC. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether to reflect new information or new developments or for any other reason.

Introduction

Our Business

We are the leading global producer of reclining chairs and the second largest manufacturer/distributor of residential furniture in the United States. The La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores retail network is the third largest retailer of single-branded furniture in the United States. We manufacture, market, import, export, distribute and retail upholstery furniture products under the La-Z-Boy®, England, Kincaid®, and Joybird® tradenames. In addition, we import, distribute and retail accessories and casegoods (wood) furniture products under the Kincaid®, American Drew®, Hammary®, and Joybird® tradenames. As of October 26, 2019, we had six major manufacturing locations and six regional distribution centers in the United States and two facilities in Mexico to support our speed-to-market and customization strategy. We have closed our manufacturing facility located in Redlands, California as of the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2020. We operate a wholesale sales office that is responsible for distribution of our product in the United Kingdom and Ireland. We also participate in two joint ventures in Thailand that support our international businesses: one that operates a manufacturing facility and another that operates a wholesale sales office. We operate a global trading company in Hong Kong which helps us manage our Asian supply chain by

establishing and maintaining relationships with our Asian suppliers, as well as identifying efficiencies and savings opportunities. We also have contracts with several suppliers in Asia to produce products that support our pure import model for casegoods.

We sell our products to furniture retailers or distributors in the United States, Canada, and approximately 60 other countries, including the United Kingdom, China, Australia, South Korea and New Zealand, directly to consumers through stores that we own and operate and through our websites, www.la-z-boy.com and www.joybird.com. The centerpiece of our retail distribution strategy is our network of 353 La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores and 559 La-Z-Boy Comfort Studio® locations, each dedicated to marketing our La-Z-Boy branded products. We consider this dedicated space to be "proprietary." We own 155 of the La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores. The remainder of the La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores, as well as all 559 La-Z-Boy Comfort Studio® locations, are independently owned and operated. La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores help consumers furnish their homes by combining the style, comfort, and quality of La-Z-Boy furniture with our available design services. La-Z-Boy Comfort Studio® locations are defined spaces within larger independent retailers that are dedicated to displaying and selling La-Z-Boy branded products. In total, we have approximately 7.9 million square feet of proprietary floor space dedicated to selling La-Z-Boy branded products in North America. We also have approximately 2.7 million square feet of floor space outside of the United States and Canada dedicated to selling La-Z-Boy branded products. Our other brands, England, American Drew, Hammary, and Kincaid enjoy distribution through many of the same outlets, with approximately half of Hammary's sales originating through the La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® store network. Kincaid and England have their own dedicated proprietary in-store programs with 616 outlets and approximately 1.9 million square feet of proprietary floor space. In total, our proprietary floor space includes approximately 12.5 million square feet worldwide. Joybird, which we acquired in the second quarter of fiscal 2019, sells product primarily online and has a limited

Our goal is to deliver value to our shareholders over the long term through executing our strategic initiatives. The foundation of our strategic initiatives is driving profitable sales growth in all areas of our business.

We drive growth in the following ways:

- Our branded distribution channels, which include the La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries store network and the La-Z-Boy Comfort Studio locations, our store-within-a-store format. We expect this initiative to generate growth in our Retail segment through an increased company-owned store count and in our wholesale Upholstery segment as our proprietary distribution network expands. We are not only focused on growing the number of locations, but also on upgrading existing store locations to our new concept designs.
- *Our company-owned retail business*. We are growing this business by increasing same-store sales through improved execution at the store level and by acquiring existing La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries stores and opening new La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries stores, primarily in markets that can be serviced through our regional distribution centers, where we see opportunity for growth, or where we believe we have opportunities for further market penetration.
- *Our unique multi-channel distribution network.* In addition to our branded distribution channels, nearly 2,100 other dealers sell La-Z-Boy products, providing us the benefit of multi-channel distribution. These outlets include some of the best-known names in the industry, including Art Van, Nebraska Furniture Mart, and Slumberland. Our other brands, England, American Drew, Hammary, and Kincaid, enjoy distribution through many of the same outlets. We believe there is significant growth potential for our brands through these retail channels.
- Our on-trend products including stationary upholstered furniture featured in our Live Life Comfortably marketing campaign. While we are known for our iconic recliners, they account for less than half of our sales in dollars, and we believe we have the potential to expand sales of our other products. To stimulate growth, our Live Life Comfortably marketing campaign features celebrity brand ambassador, Kristen Bell, and focuses on expanding our digital marketing and e-commerce capabilities to build traffic across our multiple digital and physical properties. We are driving change throughout our digital platforms to improve the user experience, with a specific focus on the ease by which customers browse through our broad assortment, customize products to their liking, find stores to make a purchase, or purchase at www.la-z-boy.com.
- Our innovative products, including stain-resistant iClean™ and eco-friendly Conserve ™ fabrics and our power products, some of which include dual mechanisms and articulating headrests. Our recent innovation, duo[®], is a revolutionary product line that features the look of stationary furniture with the power to recline at the push of a button. We are committed to innovation throughout our business, and to support these efforts we opened our new state-of-the-art Innovation Center in January 2019 at our Dayton, Tennessee campus.

• Our multi-faceted online strategy to participate in and leverage the growth of online furniture sales. On July 30, 2018, we purchased Joybird, a leading e-commerce retailer and manufacturer of upholstered furniture, which positions us for growth in the ever-changing online selling environment and allows us to better reach millennial and Gen X consumers and leverage our supply chain assets. In addition, we continue to increase online sales of La-Z-Boy furniture through la-z-boy.com and other digital players, such as Wayfair and Amazon.

Our reportable operating segments are the Upholstery segment, the Casegoods segment and the Retail segment.

- *Upholstery Segment*. Our Upholstery segment is our largest business segment and consists primarily of two operating segments: La-Z-Boy, our largest operating segment, and the operating segment for our England subsidiary. The Upholstery segment also includes our international wholesale businesses. We aggregate these operating segments into one reportable segment because they are economically similar and because they meet the other aggregation criteria for determining reportable segments. Our Upholstery segment manufactures and imports upholstered furniture such as recliners and motion furniture, sofas, loveseats, chairs, sectionals, modulars, ottomans and sleeper sofas. The Upholstery segment sells directly to La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries stores, operators of La-Z-Boy Comfort Studio locations, England Custom Comfort Center locations, major dealers, and a wide cross-section of other independent retailers.
- Casegoods Segment. Our Casegoods segment consists of one operating segment that sells furniture under three brands: American Drew[®], Hammary[®], and Kincaid[®]. The Casegoods segment is an importer, marketer, and distributor of casegoods (wood) furniture such as bedroom sets, dining room sets, entertainment centers and occasional pieces, and also manufactures some custom upholstered furniture. The Casegoods segment sells directly to major dealers, as well as La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries[®] stores, and a wide cross-section of other independent retailers.
- Retail Segment. Our Retail segment consists of one operating segment comprising our 155 company-owned La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries[®] stores.
 The Retail segment primarily sells upholstered furniture, in addition to some casegoods and other accessories, to the end consumer through these stores.
- Corporate & Other. Corporate & Other includes the shared costs for corporate functions, including human resources, information technology, finance and legal, in addition to revenue generated through royalty agreements with companies licensed to use the La-Z-Boy brand name on various products. We consider our corporate functions to be other business activities and have aggregated them with our other insignificant operating segments including our global trading company in Hong Kong and Joybird, an e-commerce retailer that manufactures and sells upholstered furniture such as sofas, loveseats, chairs, ottomans, sleeper sofas and beds, and also imports and sells casegoods (wood) furniture such as occasional tables and other accessories. Joybird sells to end consumers primarily online through its website, www.joybird.com. None of the operating segments included in Corporate & Other meets the requirements of reportable segments at this time.

Results of Operations

Fiscal 2020 Second Quarter Compared with Fiscal 2019 Second Quarter

La-Z-Boy Incorporated

	Quart	er End	led				
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands, except percentages)	10/26/19		10/27/18	% Change	 10/26/19	10/27/18	% Change
Sales	\$ 447,212	\$	439,333	1.8%	\$ 860,845	\$ 824,028	4.5%
Operating income	29,601		28,500	3.9%	53,023	51,660	2.6%
Operating margin	6.6%		6.5%		6.2%	6.3%	

Sales

Consolidated sales increased \$7.9 million and \$36.8 million in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods a year ago. The sales increase in the fiscal 2020 periods was primarily due to growth in our Retail segment, higher tariff surcharge revenue in our Upholstery segment and higher Joybird sales, partly offset by lower volume in our Casegoods segment. Additionally, sales in the first six months of fiscal 2020 included the benefit of second quarter fiscal 2019 acquisitions, both in our Retail segment and from the acquisition of Joybird.

Operating Margin

Operating margin increased 10 basis points in the second quarter and decreased 10 basis points in the first six months of fiscal 2020 compared with the same periods a year ago.

- Gross margin increased 110 basis points and 150 basis points in the second quarter and in the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods a year ago.
 - o Changes in our consolidated sales mix increased gross margin by 60 basis points and 110 basis points in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods last fiscal year. This benefit was driven by the growth of our Retail segment and the acquisition of Joybird, which have higher gross margins than our Upholstery and Casegoods segments.
 - o Purchase accounting charges associated with acquisitions were lower in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, which provided a 50 basis points and 30 basis points benefit to gross margin in the same periods this year, respectively, when compared to the prior year.
 - o Our Upholstery segment's gross margin benefited from lower raw material costs in both the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020.
 - o Partly offsetting these benefits was a decline in our Casegoods segment's gross margin, primarily due to higher ocean freight and the impact of higher tariff costs on certain occasional tables.
 - In connection with our supply chain initiative, we recognized costs resulting from the shift in manufacturing operations from closed facilities to other manufacturing locations in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, which resulted in a gross margin decrease of 60 basis points and 50 basis points, respectively.
- Selling, general, and administrative ("SG&A") expenses as a percentage of sales increased 100 basis points and 160 basis points in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods a year ago.
 - o Changes in our consolidated sales mix increased SG&A expenses as a percentage of sales by 80 basis points and 190 basis points in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods last fiscal year. This increase was driven by the growth of our Retail segment and the acquisition of Joybird, which have higher levels of SG&A expense as a percentage of sales than our Upholstery and Casegoods segments.

We discuss each segment's results in the following section.

Upholstery Segment

	Quarto	er Enc	led				
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands, except percentages)	10/26/19		10/27/18	% Change	 10/26/19	10/27/18	% Change
Sales	\$ 320,855	\$	317,093	1.2 %	\$ 614,271	\$ 610,491	0.6%
Operating income	32,080		32,152	(0.2)%	58,347	56,036	4.1%
Operating margin	10.0%		10.1%		9.5%	9.2%	

Sales

The Upholstery segment's sales increased \$3.8 million in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2020, compared with the same periods a year ago. Tariff surcharges increased sales by 1.8% and 1.7% in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods a year ago. Unit volume was flat in the second quarter and down in the first six months of fiscal 2020 compared with the same periods last year, primarily due to lower units sold by our England subsidiary. Further, changes in our product mix drove lower sales of our higher-priced products including power motion sofas and leather products, with a shift to stationary sofas and sectionals.

Operating Margin

Operating margin decreased 10 basis points and increased 30 basis points in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods a year ago.

- Gross margin decreased 30 basis points in the second quarter and increased 30 basis points in first six months of fiscal 2020, compared with the same periods a year ago.
 - o Costs recognized in connection with our supply chain optimization initiative resulted in a gross margin decrease of 90 basis points and 70 basis points in the second quarter and in the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively.
 - o Additionally, we experienced inflationary pressures in our supply chain which resulted in an 80 basis point and a 60 basis point decrease in gross margin in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively.
 - o Partly offsetting these items, lower raw material commodity prices provided a 160 basis point and a 150 basis point benefit to the segment's gross margin in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively.
- SG&A expense as a percentage of sales decreased 20 basis points in the second quarter and was flat in the first six months of fiscal 2020, compared with the same periods a year ago.

Casegoods Segment

	Quart	led					
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands except percentages)	 10/26/19		10/27/18	% Change	 10/26/19	10/27/18	% Change
Sales	\$ 29,390	\$	31,377	(6.3)%	\$ 56,525	\$ 59,763	(5.4)%
Operating income	2,205		3,761	(41.4)%	4,802	6,841	(29.8)%
Operating margin	7.5%		12.0%		8.5%	11.4%	

<u>Sales</u>

The Casegoods segment's sales decreased \$2.0 million and \$3.2 million in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods a year ago, and was primarily due to lower sales volume on certain occasional tables that have been impacted by higher tariff costs as well as a delay on goods from one supplier.

Operating Margin

Operating margin decreased 450 basis points and 290 basis points in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods a year ago.

- Gross margin decreased 470 basis points and 270 basis points in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods a year ago, primarily due to higher ocean freight and the impact of higher tariff costs on certain occasional tables.
- SG&A expense as a percentage of sales was 20 basis points lower in the second quarter of fiscal 2020 and 20 basis points higher in the first six months of fiscal 2020, compared with the same periods a year ago.

Retail Segment

	Quart	led					
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands, except percentages)	 10/26/19		10/27/18	% Change	 10/26/19	07/28/18	% Change
Sales	\$ 148,404	\$	139,686	6.2%	\$ 291,400	\$ 258,914	12.5%
Operating income	8,412		6,563	28.2%	16,889	11,021	53.2%
Operating margin	5.7%		4.7%		5.8%	4.3%	

Sales

The Retail segment's sales increased \$8.7 million and \$32.5 million in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods a year ago. The increase in sales in the second quarter of fiscal 2020 compared to the same period a year ago was primarily due to a 5.0% increase in same-store delivered sales, or \$6.6 million, driven by improved traffic trends and continued strong execution at the store level. Sales in the first six months of fiscal 2020 increased compared to the same period a year ago primarily due to \$22.3 million in sales from acquired stores and a 4.3% increase in same-store delivered sales, or \$10.8 million.

Operating Margin

Operating margin increased 100 basis points and 150 basis points in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods a year ago.

- Gross margin increased 90 basis points and 30 basis points in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same period a year ago. Purchase accounting charges associated with acquisitions were lower in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, which resulted in a 60 basis points and 30 basis points benefit to gross margin in the same periods this year, respectively, when compared to the prior year.
- SG&A expense as a percentage of sales improved 10 basis points and 120 basis points in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods a year ago, as we were better able to leverage our fixed costs (primarily occupancy) on increased delivered same-store sales. Additionally, the first six months of fiscal 2020 benefited from acquired stores which operate with lower SG&A expense as a percentage of sales compared with our existing stores.

Corporate and Other

	Quarter Ended				Six Months Ended					
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands, except percentages)		10/26/19		10/27/18	% Change		10/26/19		10/27/18	% Change
Sales	\$	24,311	\$	22,378	8.6 %	\$	44,863	\$	26,243	71.0 %
Eliminations		(75,748)		(71,201)	(6.4)%		(146,214)		(131,383)	(11.3)%
Operating loss		(13,096)		(13,976)	6.3 %		(27,015)		(22,238)	(21.5)%

Sales

Sales increased \$1.9 million in the second quarter and \$18.6 million in the first six months of fiscal 2020 compared with the same periods a year ago. The sales increase in the second quarter of fiscal 2020 was primarily due to \$2.2 million higher Joybird sales, an 11.9% increase to \$20.8 million for the quarter. Joybird was acquired at the start of the second quarter of fiscal 2019, and the sales comparison for the first six months includes the benefit of one additional quarter of sales in fiscal 2020.

Eliminations increased in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020 compared with the same periods a year ago due to higher sales from our Upholstery and Casegoods segments to our Retail segment, resulting from increased sales in the Retail segment and the impact of acquired stores.

Operating Loss

Our Corporate and Other operating loss decreased \$0.9 million and increased \$4.8 million in the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with the same periods a year ago. The results reflect lower purchase accounting charges for Joybird, and the benefit of supply chain synergies, offset by continued investment in customer acquisition. The higher operating loss in the first six months of fiscal 2020 compared with the same period last year was primarily driven by the investment in Joybird customer acquisition.

Non-Operating Income (Expense)

Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income (expense), net was \$1.4 million of income in the second quarter of fiscal 2020 compared with \$2.0 million of expense in the second quarter of fiscal 2019. The income in second quarter of fiscal year 2020 was primarily due to the return of \$1.9 million in pre-tax cash from the settlement of our defined-benefit pension plan in our La-Z-Boy operating unit, which occurred during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019. The expense in fiscal 2019 was primarily due to pension and retirement-related expenses and unrealized losses on investments.

Other income (expense), net was \$0.6 million of income during the first six months of fiscal 2020 compared with \$1.1 million of expense during the first six months of fiscal 2019. The income in the first sixth months of fiscal 2020 was primarily due to the return of pension funds noted above, partially offset by exchange rate losses. The expense in the first six months of 2019 was primarily due to pension and retirement-related expenses, partially offset by exchange rate gains.

Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate was 26.6% and 24.6% for the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2020, respectively, compared with 22.9% in both the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2019. Our effective tax rate varies from the 21% federal statutory rate primarily due to state taxes. Absent discrete adjustments, our effective tax rate in the second quarter of fiscal 2020 would have been 25.2%.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our sources of liquidity include cash and equivalents, short-term and long-term investments, cash from operations, and amounts available under our credit facility. We believe these sources remain adequate to meet our short-term and long-term liquidity requirements, finance our long-term growth plans, and fulfill other cash requirements for day-to-day operations, dividends to shareholders, and capital expenditures. We had cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash of \$119.5 million at October 26, 2019, compared with \$131.8 million at April 27, 2019. In addition, we had investments to enhance our returns on cash of \$33.2 million at October 26, 2019, compared with \$31.5 million at April 27, 2019.

We maintain a revolving credit facility secured primarily by our accounts receivable, inventory, and cash deposit and securities accounts. Availability under the credit agreement fluctuates according to a borrowing base calculated on eligible accounts receivable and inventory. We amended this agreement on December 19, 2017, to extend its maturity date to December 19, 2022. The credit agreement includes affirmative and negative covenants that apply under certain circumstances, including a fixed-charge coverage ratio requirement that applies when excess availability under the credit line is less than certain thresholds. At October 26, 2019, we were not subject to the fixed-charge coverage ratio requirement, had no borrowings outstanding under the agreement, and had excess availability of \$148.1 million of the \$150.0 million credit commitment.

Capital expenditures for the first six months of fiscal 2020 were \$22.9 million compared with \$26.9 million during the first six months of fiscal 2019. Capital expenditures in the first six months of fiscal 2020 included spending on manufacturing machinery and equipment and upgrades to our upholstered furniture manufacturing plant in Dayton, Tennessee. We have no material contractual commitments outstanding for future capital expenditures. We expect capital expenditures to be in the range of \$50 to \$60 million for fiscal 2020, consisting of, among other things, plant upgrades to our upholstered furniture manufacturing facilities in Dayton, Tennessee and Neosho, Missouri, as well as improvements to several of our retail stores.

Our board of directors has sole authority to determine if and when we will declare future dividends and on what terms. We expect the board to continue declaring regular quarterly cash dividends for the foreseeable future, but it may discontinue doing so at any time.

Our board of directors has authorized the purchase of company stock. As of October 26, 2019, 5.2 million shares remained available for purchase pursuant to this authorization. We purchased 0.7 million shares during the first six months of fiscal 2020, for a total of \$23.2 million. With the cash flows we anticipate generating in fiscal 2020, we expect to continue being opportunistic in purchasing company stock.

The following table illustrates the main components of our cash flows:

	Six Months Ended				
(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)		10/26/19		10/27/18	
Cash Flows Provided By (Used For)					
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	53,702	\$	46,084	
Net cash used for investing activities		(32,345)		(102,140)	
Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities		(34,842)		16,035	
Exchange rate changes		1,239		(982)	
Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	(12,246)	\$	(41,003)	

Operating Activities

During the first six months of fiscal 2020, net cash provided by operating activities was \$53.7 million. Our cash provided by operating activities was primarily attributable to net income generated during the period and an increase in the customer deposit liability, partially offset by a \$12.7 million increase in accounts receivable and \$12.3 million decrease in accrued expenses primarily due to the payout of fiscal 2019 incentive compensation awards during the first quarter of fiscal 2020.

During the first six months of fiscal 2019, net cash provided by operating activities was \$46.1 million. Our cash provided by operating activities was primarily attributable to net income generated during the first six months, partially offset by \$7.0 million used for a discretionary pension contribution and \$7.5 million used for prepaid compensation related to the Joybird acquisition.

Investing Activities

During the first six months of fiscal 2020, net cash used for investing activities was \$32.3 million primarily due to \$22.9 million used for capital expenditures and \$5.9 million used to fund guaranteed payments related to the acquisition of Joybird. Our capital expenditures during the period primarily related to spending on manufacturing machinery and equipment and upgrades to our Dayton, Tennessee upholstered furniture manufacturing facility.

During the first six months of fiscal 2019, net cash used for investing activities was \$102.1 million, primarily due to \$78.1 million used for acquisitions and \$26.9 million used for capital expenditures. Our cash used for acquisitions during the period included the acquisition of the assets of two independent operators of La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries stores, one that operated nine stores and two warehouses in Arizona, and one that operated one store in Massachusetts, as well as our acquisition of Joybird, an e-commerce retailer and manufacturer of upholstered furniture. Our capital expenditures during the period primarily related to spending on manufacturing machinery and equipment, construction of our new Innovation Center, upgrades to our Dayton, Tennessee Upholstery manufacturing facility, expansion of our England subsidiary's plant and construction of its new corporate office building, and relocation of one of our regional distribution centers.

Financing Activities

During the first six months of fiscal 2020, net cash used for financing activities was \$34.8 million, primarily due to \$23.2 million used to purchase our common stock pursuant to our share repurchase authorization and \$12.2 million paid to our shareholders in quarterly dividends.

During the first six months of fiscal 2019, net cash provided by financing activities was \$16.0 million, primarily due to \$35.0 million borrowed from our credit facility during the second quarter partially offset by \$11.6 million used to purchase our common stock and \$11.3 million paid to our shareholders in quarterly dividends.

Exchange Rate Changes

Due to changes in exchange rates, our cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash increased by \$1.2 million and decreased by \$1.0 million from the end of fiscal year 2019 to the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2020 and from the end of fiscal 2018 to the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2019, respectively. These changes impacted our cash balances held in Canada, the United Kingdom, and Thailand.

Other

During the second quarter of fiscal 2020, there were no material changes to the information about our contractual obligations and commitments shown in the table contained in our fiscal 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

We do not expect our continuing compliance with existing federal, state and local statutes dealing with protection of the environment to have a material effect on our capital expenditures, earnings, competitive position or liquidity.

Critical Accounting Policies

We disclosed our critical accounting policies in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 27, 2019. There were no material changes to our critical accounting policies during the six months ended October 26, 2019 except for changes related to our adoption of Accounting Standards Codification Topic 842 as described in Note 1 and Note 5 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 1 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q for a discussion of recently adopted accounting standards and other new accounting standards.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

During the first six months of fiscal 2020, there were no material changes from the information contained in Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 27, 2019.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures. As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that such disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our periodic reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the SEC's rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. There were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the second quarter of fiscal 2020 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. During the quarter ended October 27, 2018, we acquired Stitch Industries, Inc. ("Joybird") and the business comprising the assets acquired from EBCO, Inc., an independent operator of nine La-Z-Boy Furniture Galleries® stores in Arizona. We are currently integrating Joybird and the business comprising the assets acquired from EBCO, Inc. into our operations, compliance programs, and internal control processes.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

We disclosed our risk factors in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 27, 2019. There have been no material changes to our risk factors during the first six months of fiscal 2020.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Our board of directors has authorized the purchase of company stock. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019, pursuant to the existing board authorization, we adopted a plan to purchase company stock pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The plan was effective July 29, 2019. Under this plan, our broker has the authority to purchase company shares on our behalf, subject to SEC regulations and the price, market volume and timing constraints specified in the plan. The plan expired at the close of business on October 25, 2019. We spent \$10.9 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2020 to purchase 0.3 million shares. As of October 26, 2019, 5.2 million shares remained available for purchase pursuant to the board authorization. With the cash flows we anticipate generating in fiscal 2020, we expect to continue being opportunistic in purchasing company stock.

The following table summarizes our purchases of company stock during the quarter ended October 26, 2019:

(Unaudited, amounts in thousands, except per share data)	Total number of shares purchased (1)	Aver	rage price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plan (2)	Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plan
Fiscal August (July 28 – August 31, 2019)	136	\$	31.68	136	5,406
Fiscal September (September 1 – September 28, 2019)	107	\$	32.27	107	5,299
Fiscal October (September 29 – October 26, 2019)	92	\$	33.55	92	5,207
Fiscal Second Quarter of 2020	335	\$	32.38	335	5,207

⁽¹⁾ In addition to the 335,000 shares we purchased during the quarter as part of our publicly announced, board-authorized plan described above, this column includes 140 shares purchased from employees to satisfy their withholding tax obligations upon vesting of restricted shares.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description
(31.1)	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a14(a)
(31.2)	Certifications of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a14(a)
(32)	Certifications of Executive Officers pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350(b)
(101.INS)	Inline XBRL Instance Document
(101.SCH)	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
(101.CAL)	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
(101.LAB)	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
(101.PRE)	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
(101.DEF)	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
(104)	The cover page from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended October 26, 2019, formatted in Inline XBRL (included in Exhibit 101)

⁽²⁾ On October 28, 1987, our board of directors announced the authorization of the plan to repurchase company stock. The plan originally authorized 1.0 million shares, and since October 1987, 27.0 million shares were added to the plan for repurchase. The authorization has no expiration date.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

LA-Z-BOY INCORPORATED

(Registrant)

Date: November 20, 2019

BY: /s/ Lindsay A. Barnes

Lindsay A. Barnes

Vice President, Corporate Controller and Chief Accounting Officer

CERTIFICATIONS OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)

- I, Kurt L. Darrow, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of La-Z-Boy Incorporated;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 20, 2019
/s/ Kurt L. Darrow
Kurt L. Darrow
Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATIONS OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)

- I, Melinda D. Whittington, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of La-Z-Boy Incorporated;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 20, 2019 /s/ Melinda D. Whittington

Melinda D. Whittington

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS*

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350, each of the undersigned officers of La-Z-Boy Incorporated (the "Company") hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 26, 2019 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

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/s/	Kurt	Ι. Ι	l)arr	'OW

Kurt L. Darrow

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

November 20, 2019

/s/ Melinda D. Whittington

Melinda D. Whittington

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

November 20, 2019

^{*}The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.